



COUNTRY PROFILE

# COLOMBIA

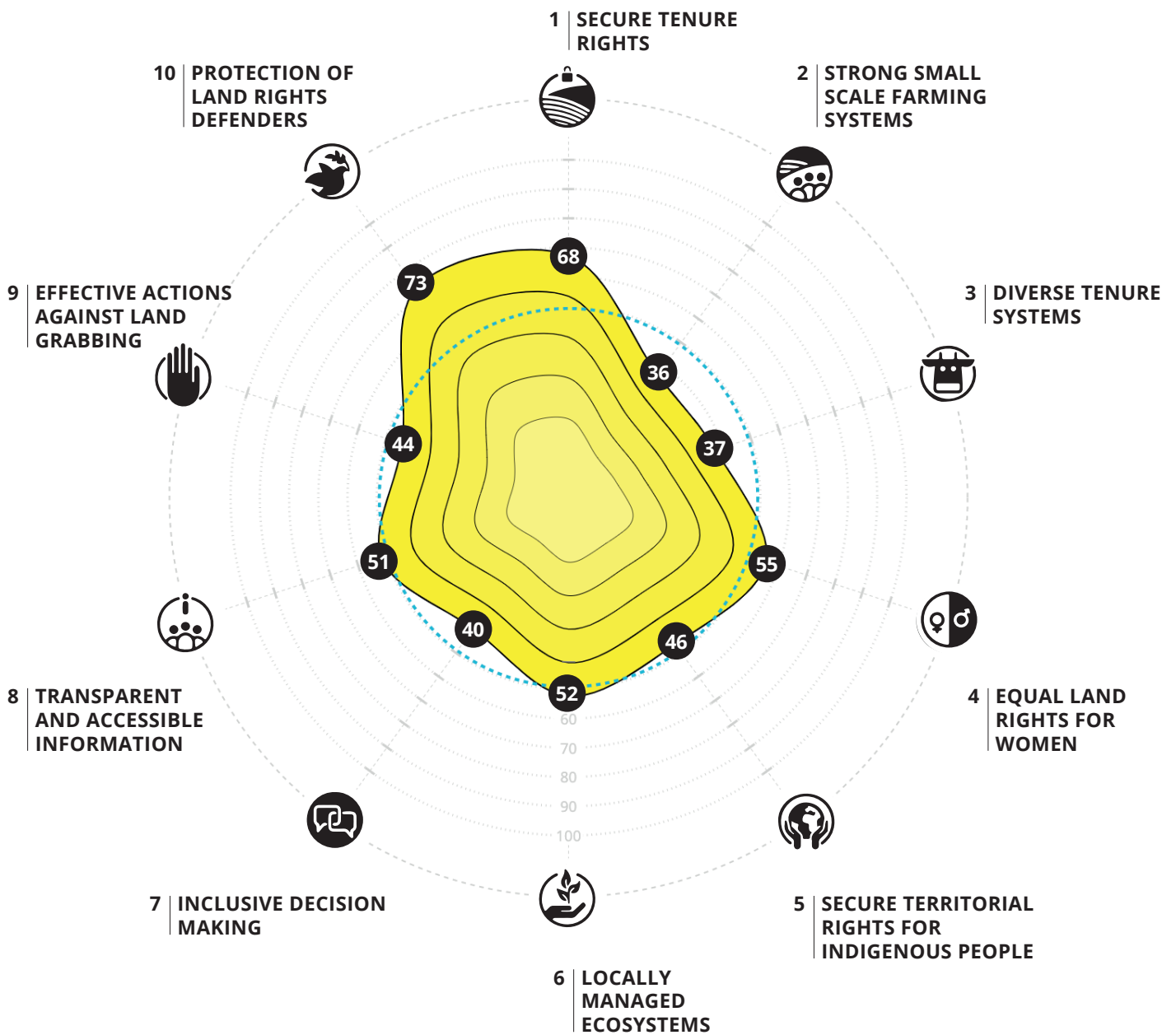
SCORE

## 49

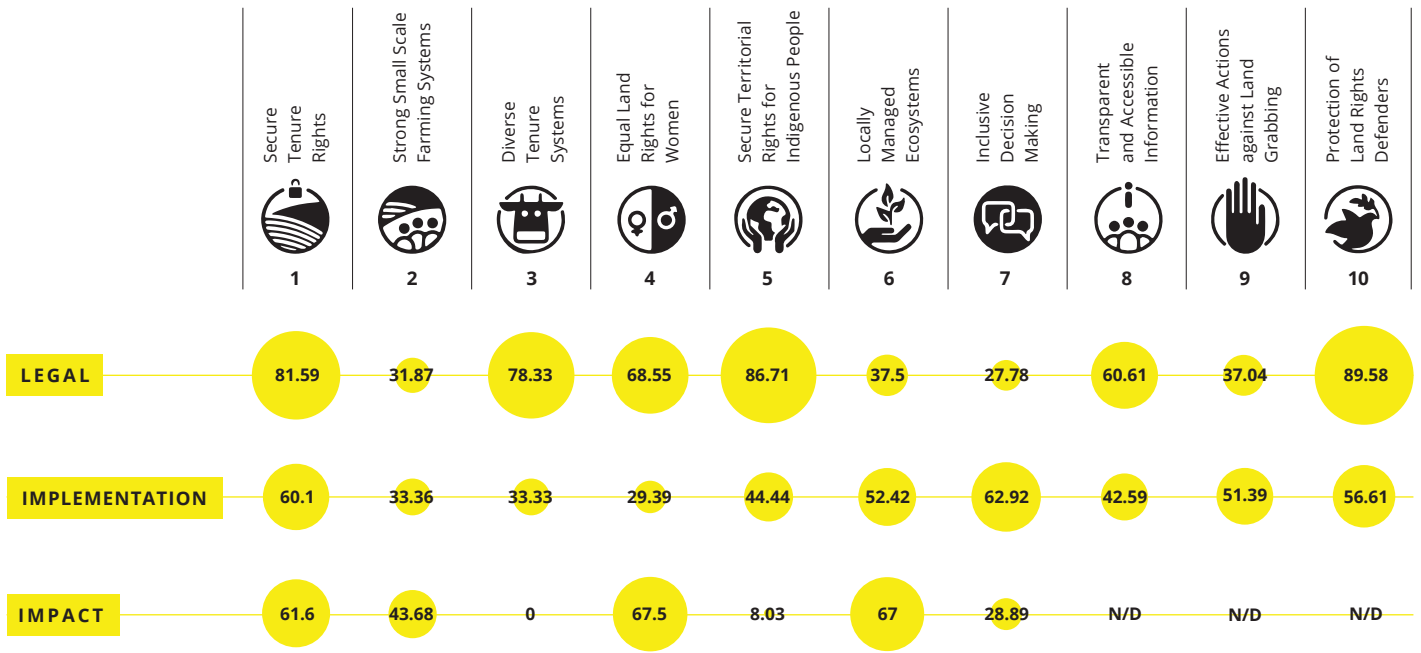
TAKEAWAY

In Colombia, low levels of participation in decision-making and enforcement of policies have led to lackluster implementation of alternative policy frameworks that would support diverse land tenure systems. Data reveals a severe lack of support to small-scale farmers and low levels of tenure security among indigenous and afro-descendent communities, trends that further jeopardize institutional reforms.

AT A GLANCE



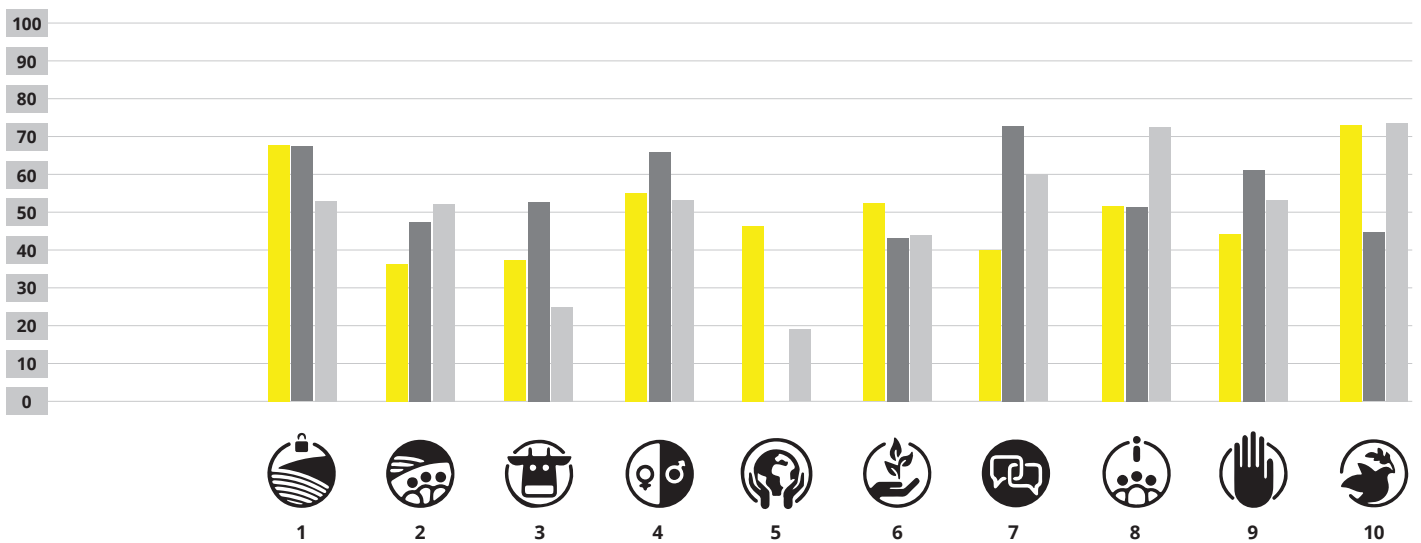
**ILC COMMITMENTS TO PEOPLE-CENTRED LAND GOVERNANCE**



**HOW DOES IT COMPARE?**

Colombia Senegal Nepal

How is Colombia performing compared to Senegal and Nepal



**KEY OUTCOMES FOR COLOMBIA**

**Positive outcomes**

- Inclusive and participatory approach to land governance, promoting representation in decision-making with regards to land.
- Strong legal and institutional framework in place at national level to protect land rights defenders.

**Room for improvement**

- Data on large-scale land acquisitions remains difficult to access.
- Data on the criminalization of land and environment defenders remains largely inaccessible and of questionable accuracy.
- Institutional support for small scale-farmers is lacking.
- Implementation of diverse tenure rights and regimes remains poor.